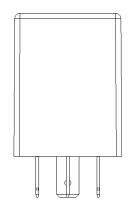
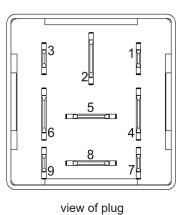
## **MRS ELECTRONIC**

# DATASHEET MICRO GATEWAY CS 1.174





mounting direction



#### DESCRIPTION

The compact Micro Gateway CAN Serial complements existing systems and mediates or manipulates information between local interfaces (CAN, RS232/485). It provides a 1-Wire interface that can be used to connect an iButton reader for authentication or tracking.

### **TECHNICAL DATA**

### REGULATORY APPROVALS AND TESTING

Housing	Plastic PA 66GF30	E1 approval	On request		
Connector	Base plate 9-pin	Electrical tests	Acc. to ISO 16750-2 or -4:		
Weight	32 g		Short circuit protection (without OneWire Interface)		
Temperature range acc. to ISO 16750-4	-40 °C+85 °C		Reverse polarity Interruption pin and connector		
Environmental protection acc. to ISO 20653	IP6K8 with correct installation position and use of the waterproof socket		Overvoltage at $T_{max}$ -20 °C Storage test at $T_{max}$ and $T_{min}$ Operation test at $T_{max}$ and $T_{min}$ Starting profile (form. pulse 4 according		
Current consumption	8 mA at 12 V and 24 V		to ISO 7637)		
Over-current protection	see max. switching current		, 		
Total Inputs and outputs	1 input / 2 outputs (3)		Acc. to ISO 7637-2: Pulse 1, 2a, 2b, 3a, 3b, severity III		
Inputs	<b>Configurable as:</b> Analog/digital input 016.9/30 V	SOFTWARE/PROGRAMMING			
Outputs	Configurable as:	SOF FWAREN ROOMAMIMING			
	Digital, positive switching (high side) PWM output (3 Hz1000 Hz)	Programming System			
Supply voltage	932 V (cf. p. 6) (Code C at 12 V, Code E at 24 V, acc. to ISO 16750-2)	programming with F	tudio with built-in functions library, similar FUP. Custom software blocks can be		
Overvoltage protection	from approx. 36 V	300 basic logic con	ode". Program memory is sufficient for about ponents.		
Quiescent current	30 μA at 12 V 750 μA at 24 V	0			
Reverse polarity protection	yes				
CAN interfaces	CAN interface 2.0 A/B, ISO 11898-2				



#### **INPUT FEATURES - SUMMARY**

Pin 4 (KL15)	Programmable as analog or digital		Pin 1 (One Wire Interface)				
Resolution 12 Bit		One Wire Interface input (see <u>C</u> )	Input high Input low Voltage level RX/TX	min. 3.4 V max. 1.8 V 5 V			
Voltage input 016.9 V (see <u>A</u> )	Input resistance Input frequency Accuracy	51 kΩ f <sup>1</sup> = 130 Hz ≤ 3 %					
Voltage input 030 V (see <u>B</u> )	Input resistance Input frequency Conversion factor	41 kΩ f <sub>g</sub> ¹ = 250 Hz ≈1.95 Digit/mV					

<sup>1</sup> cutoff frequency (-3 dB)

# **OUTPUT FEATURES - SUMMARY**

Pin 3, 5 (HSD output)	Protective circuit for inductive loads	Not integrated	Pin 8 (Relay NO, optional)	Protective circuit for inductive loads	Not integrated	
	Wire fault diagnostics	Possible via		Wire fault diagnostics	Not available	
		current sense		Short circuit	Not available	
	Short circuit diagnostics	Possible via current sense		diagnostics	0.001/	
Digital, positive switching (high side; see <u>D</u> )	Switching voltage max. switching cur- rent each channel <sup>2</sup>	932 V 4.7 A when using both channels	Digital, positive switching (see $\underline{E}$ )	Switching voltage max. tating	932 V see datasheet Song Chuan 103-1CH-S 12 V	
PWM output	Output frequency	01000 Hz		COM connection	Pin 4	
(see <u>D</u> )	max. switching current <sup>3</sup>	2 A at 1000 Hz 2.9 A at 500 Hz 3.7 A at 200 Hz GND		external fuse protectio	n required	
	Conversion factor see diagram Current sense <sup>4</sup>		Conversion factor current sense			
Short circuit resistance against GND and U <sub>s</sub>	Switching-off is control driver for <b>each output</b>		0,26 ipi 0,255 0,255 0,255 0,255			
<sup>2</sup> measured at U <sub>B</sub> = 28 <sup>3</sup> measured at U <sub>B</sub> = 28 <sup>4</sup> current sense 017	3 V, 90 % DC, +85 °C		0,255 0,255 0,255 0,245 0,245 0,245 0,235 0,235 0,235 0,235 0,235	72 756 9 772 4 790 2 905 4 04		

69,68 302 503 756,8 772,4 789,3 806,4 940,9 957,8 Current output [mA]

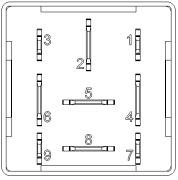


## PIN ASSIGNMENT POWER SUPPLY AND INTERFACES

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	One Wire interface	7	CAN-H
2	Contact 30 / Supply voltage	8	optional RS232TX / RS485B
4	Contact 15 / Ignition / (optional RS232RX / RS485A)	9	CAN-L
6	Contact 31 / Ground		

### PIN ASSIGNMENT INPUTS AND OUTPUTS

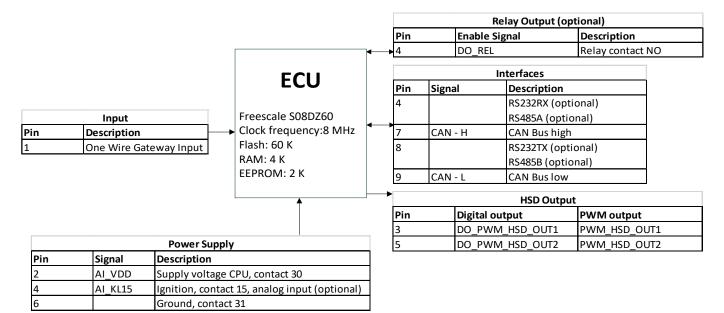
Pin	Signal	Description	Pin	Signal	Description
2	AI_VDD	Analog input für KL30 measurement	4	AI_KL15 DO_RS1	Analog input KL15 016.9 V with range switching 030 V
3	DO_PWM_HSD_ OUT1 PWM_HSD_OUT1 AI_SNS_HSD1	Digital output HSD1 with PWM option and current sense to max. 1 A	5	DO_PWM_HSD_ OUT2 PWM_HSD_OUT2 AI_SNS_HSD2	Digital output HSD1 with PWM option and current sense
			8	DO_REL	Digital output Relay



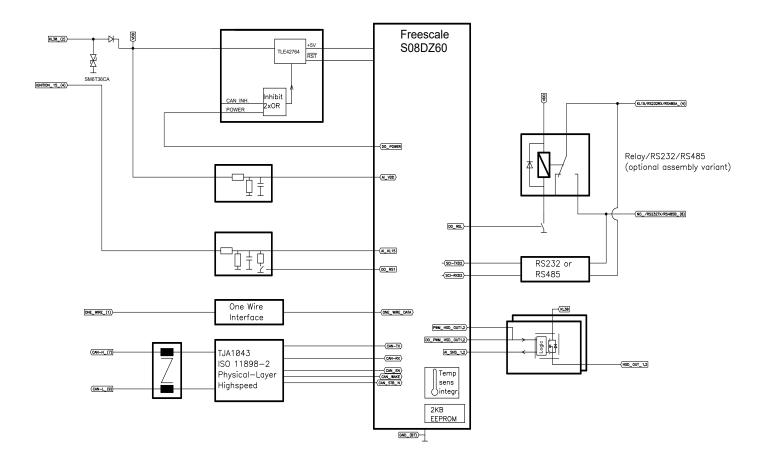
view of plug



### PIN FEATURE MAP

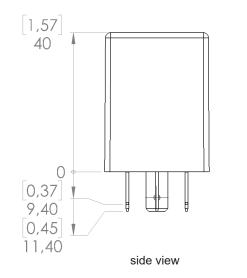


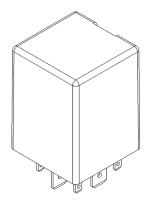
## **BLOCK FUNCTION DIAGRAM**



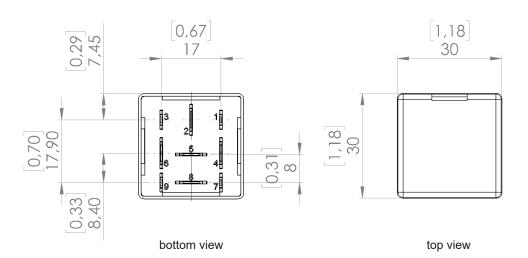


## TECHNICAL DRAWING IN MM [INCH]





angled view





## ASSEMBLY OPTIONS AND ORDER INFORMATION

		Inputs		Output	Outputs CAN bus		Serial interface		Wake-up source	Remarks
	A Voltage 016.9 V	B Voltage 030 V	C One Wire input	D HSD output	E Relay	High speed	RS232	RS485		
1.174.300.0000	4	4	1	3, 5	8	7, 9			CAN, DO_POWER	
1.174.310.0000			1	3, 5		7, 9	4, 8		CAN, DO_POWER	
1.174.320.0000			1	3, 5		7, 9		4, 8	CAN, DO_POWER	
1.174.330.0000			1				4, 8		-	direct conversion RS232 to OneWire interface, without CPU



## ACCESSORIES

Description	Order number
Programming tool MRS Developers Studio	1.100.100.09
Socket package watertight 40 mm	1.017.010.40
Connector	1.017.002.00
FASTON terminal latch 2,8 mm 0,5-1,0 mm <sup>2</sup>	105292
FASTON terminal latch 6,3 mm 1,0 mm <sup>2</sup>	102355
PCAN-USB interface 105358	105358



## MANUFACTURER

MRS Electronic GmbH & Co. KG Klaus-Gutsch-Str. 7 78628 Rottweil Germany



> U<sub>B</sub>

I/O

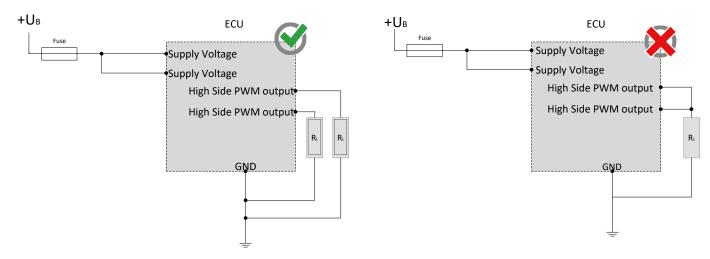
ECU

Supply Voltage

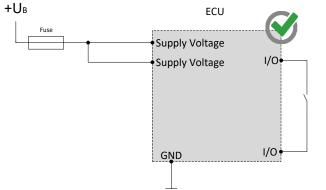
Supply Voltage

## NOTES ON WIRING AND CABLE ROUTING

PWM outputs may not be connected with each other or bypassed.



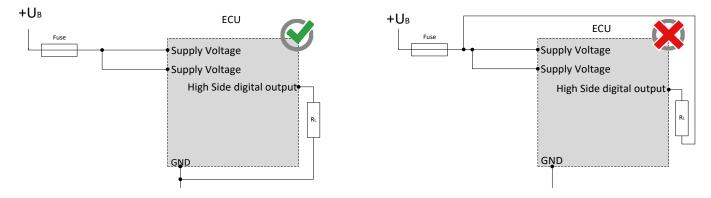
The pins (I/Os) can be used in combination and may not be switched externally against a higher voltage level than supply voltage.





+U<sub>Β</sub>

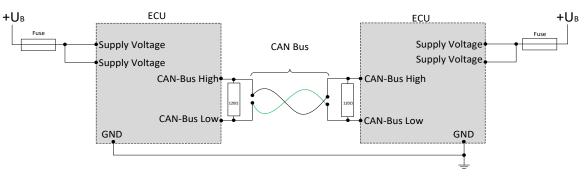
Higside outputs may only be switched to ground.





## NOTES ON WIRING AND CABLE ROUTING

CAN bus communication is the main communication between the control unit and the vehicle. Therefore, connect the CAN bus with special care and check the correct communication with the vehicle to avoid undesired behavior.





# SAFETY AND INSTALLATION INFORMATION

It is essential to read the instructions in full thoroughly before working with the device.

Please note and comply with the instructions in the operating instructions and the information in the device data sheet, see www.mrs-electronic.com Staff qualification: Only staff with the appropriate qualifications may work on this device or in its proximity.

SAFETY



#### WARNING! Danger as a result of a malfunction of the entire system.

Unforeseen reactions or malfunctions of the entire system may jeopardise the safety of people or the machine.

• Ensure that the device is equipped with the correct software and that the wiring and settings on the hardware are appropriate.

#### WARNING! Danger as a result of unprotected moving components.

Unforeseen dangers may occur from the entire system when putting the device into operation and maintaining it.

- Switch the entire system off before carrying out any work and prevent it from unintentionally switching back on.
- Before putting the device into operation, ensure that the entire system and parts of the system are safe.
- · The device should never be connected or separated under load or voltage.



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CAUTION! Risk of burns from the housing.

The temperature of the device housing may be elevated.

Do not touch the housing and let all system components cool before working on the system.

#### **PROPER USE**

•

The device is used to control or switch one or more electrical systems or sub-systems in motor vehicles and machines and may only be used for this purpose. The device may only be used in an industrial setting.

#### WARNING!Danger caused by incorrect use.

The device is only intended for use in motor vehicles and machines.

- Use in safety-related system parts for personal protection is not permitted.
- Do not use the device in areas where there is a risk of explosion.

#### Correct use:

- · operating the device within the operating areas specified and approved in the associated data sheet.
- strict compliance with these instructions and no other actions which may jeopardise the safety of individuals or the functionality of the device.

#### Obligations of the manufacturer of entire systems

It is necessary to ensure that only functional devices are used. If devices fail or malfunction, they must be replaced immediately.

System developments, installation and the putting into operation of electrical systems may only be carried out by trained and experienced staff who are sufficiently familiar with the handling of the components used and the entire system.

It is necessary to ensure that the wiring and programming of the device does not lead to safety-related malfunctions of the entire system in the event of a failure or a malfunction. System behaviour of this type can lead to a danger to life or high levels of material damage.

The manufacturer of the entire system is responsible for the correct connection of the entire periphery (e.g. cable cross sections, correct selection/ connection of sensors/actuators).

Opening the device, making changes to the device and carrying out repairs are all prohibited. Changes or repairs made to the cabling can lead to dangerous malfunctions. Repairs may only be carried out by MRS.

#### Installation

The installation location must be selected so the device is exposed to as low a mechanical and thermal load as possible. The device may not be exposed to any chemical loads.

Install the device in such a manner that the plugs point downwards. This means condensation can flow off the device. Single seals on the cables/leads must be used to ensure that no water gets into the device.

#### Putting into operation

The device may only be put into operation by qualified staff. This may only occur when the status of the entire system corresponds to the applicable guidelines and regulations.

## FAULT CORRECTION AND MAINTENANCE



#### NOTE The device is maintenance-free and may not be opened.

If the device has damage to the housing, latches, seals or flat plugs, it must be taken out of operation.

Fault correction and cleaning work may only be carried out with the power turned off. Remove the device to correct faults and to clean it.

Check the integrity of the housing and all flat plugs, connections and pins for mechanical damage, damage caused by overheating, insulation damage and corrosion. In the event of faulty switching, check the software, switches and settings.

Do not clean the device with high pressure cleaners or steam jets. Do not use aggressive solvents or abrasive substances.